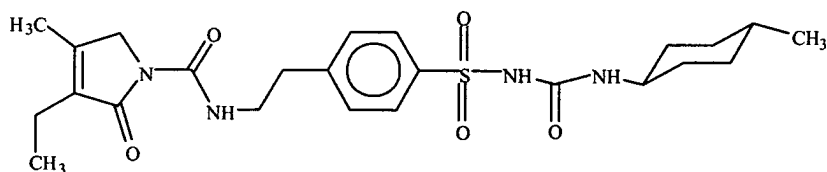


IN THE CLAIMS

Please cancel claims 1-31. Please add the following new claims :

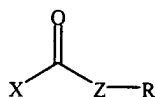
32) (new) A process for the preparation of *trans*-3-Ethyl-2,5-dihydro-4-methyl-N-[2-[4-

5 [[[(4-methylcyclohexyl)amino]carbonyl]amino]sulfonyl]phenyl]ethyl]- 2-oxo-1*H*-pyrrole-1-
carboxamide, a compound of the formula 1,



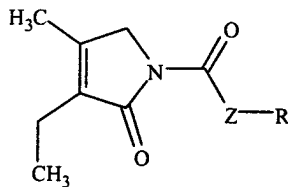
Formula 1
comprising,

10 a) reacting 3-Ethyl-4-methyl-3-pyrrolidin-2-one with a compound of formula 2,



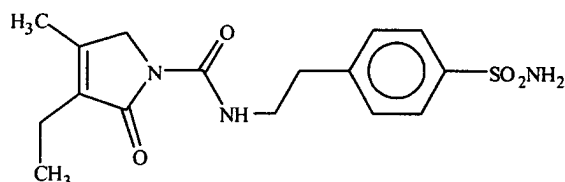
Formula 2

to obtain a compound of formula 3,



Formula 3

- b) reacting a compound of formula 3 with 4-(2-Aminoethyl)benzene sulfonamide to obtain 4-[2-(3-Ethyl-4-methyl-2-carbonyl pyrrolidine amido)ethyl]benzene sulfonamide, a compound of formula 4,



Formula 4

- c) and further reacting the compound of formula 4 with *trans*-4-methylcyclohexyl isocyanate to obtain the compound of formula 1,

wherein,

X is halogen, nitroaryl or haloaryl,

Z is O, S or NY, wherein Y is C₁-C₅-alkyl, C₁-C₅-haloalkyl, aryl or aralkyl, and

R is aryl or heteroaryl, where aryl or heteroaryl radical is unsubstituted or substituted by one or more radicals from the group consisting of nitro, halogen, cyano, azido, haloalkyl, CO-R¹, SR², SO-R³ and SO₂-R⁴,

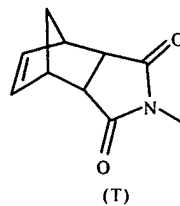
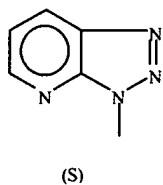
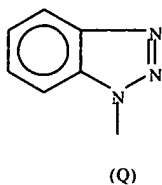
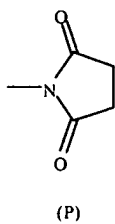
R¹ is H, C₁-C₅-alkyl, C₂-C₅-alkenyl, C₂-C₅-alkynyl, C₁-C₅-alkoxy or C₂-C₅-alkenoxy,

R² is C₁-C₅-alkyl, C₂-C₅-alkenyl, C₂-C₅-alkynyl, C₁-C₅-haloalkyl or C₂-C₅-haloalkenyl,

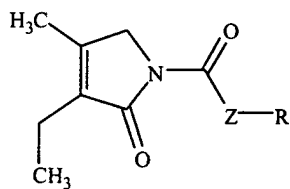
R³ is C₁-C₅-alkyl, C₂-C₅-alkenyl, C₂-C₅-alkynyl, C₁-C₅-haloalkyl or C₂-C₅-haloalkenyl,

R⁴ is C₁-C₅-alkyl, C₂-C₅-alkenyl, C₂-C₅-alkynyl, C₁-C₅-haloalkyl or C₂-C₅-haloalkenyl, or

the moiety represented below by P, Q, S or T.

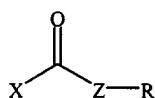


33) (new) A process for the preparation of a compound of formula 3,



Formula 3

comprising reacting 3-Ethyl-4-methyl-3-pyrrolidin-2-one with a compound of formula 2,



Formula 2

wherein,

X is halogen, nitroaryl or haloaryl,

Z is O, S or NY, wherein Y is C₁-C₅-alkyl, C₁-C₅-haloalkyl, aryl or aralkyl, and

R is aryl or heteroaryl, where aryl or heteroaryl radical is unsubstituted or substituted by one or more radicals from the group consisting of nitro, halogen, cyano, azido, haloalkyl, CO-R¹, SR², SO-R³ and SO₂-R⁴,

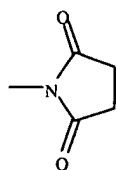
R¹ is H, C₁-C₅-alkyl, C₂-C₅-alkenyl, C₂-C₅-alkynyl, C₁-C₅-alkoxy or C₂-C₅-alkenoxy,

5 R² is C₁-C₅-alkyl, C₂-C₅-alkenyl, C₂-C₅-alkynyl, C₁-C₅-haloalkyl or C₂-C₅-haloalkenyl,

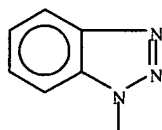
R³ is C₁-C₅-alkyl, C₂-C₅-alkenyl, C₂-C₅-alkynyl, C₁-C₅-haloalkyl or C₂-C₅-haloalkenyl,

R⁴ is C₁-C₅-alkyl, C₂-C₅-alkenyl, C₂-C₅-alkynyl, C₁-C₅-haloalkyl or C₂-C₅-haloalkenyl, or

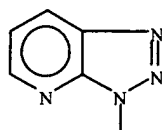
the moiety represented below by P, Q, S or T.



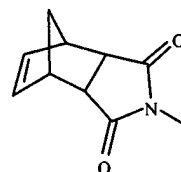
(P)



(Q)

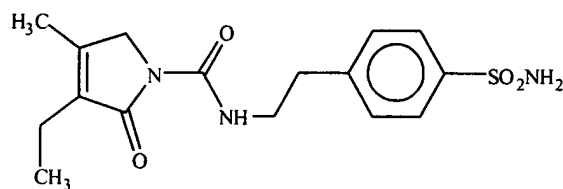


(S)



(T)

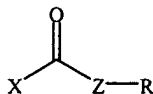
10 34) (new) A process for the preparation of a compound of formula 4,



Formula 4

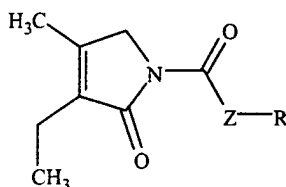
comprising,

a) reacting 3-Ethyl-4-methyl-3-pyrrolidin-2-one with a compound of formula 2,



Formula 2

to obtain a compound of formula 3,



Formula 3

b) reacting a compound of formula 3 with 4-(2-Aminoethyl)benzene sulfonamide to obtain 4-[2-(3-Ethyl-4-methyl-2-carbonyl pyrrolidine amido)ethyl]benzene sulfonamide, a compound of formula 4,
wherein,

X is halogen, nitroaryl or haloaryl,

Z is O, S or NY, wherein Y is C₁-C₅-alkyl, C₁-C₅-haloalkyl, aryl or aralkyl and

R is aryl or heteroaryl, where aryl or heteroaryl radical is unsubstituted or substituted by one or more radicals from the group consisting of nitro, halogen, cyano, azido, haloalkyl, CO-R¹, SR², SO-R³ and SO₂-R⁴,

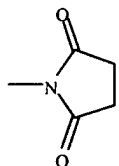
R¹ is H, C₁-C₅-alkyl, C₂-C₅-alkenyl, C₂-C₅-alkynyl, C₁-C₅-alkoxy or C₂-C₅-alkenoxy,

R² is C₁-C₅-alkyl, C₂-C₅-alkenyl, C₂-C₅-alkynyl, C₁-C₅-haloalkyl or C₂-C₅-haloalkenyl,

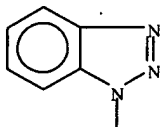
R^3 is C_1 - C_5 -alkyl, C_2 - C_5 -alkenyl, C_2 - C_5 -alkynyl, C_1 - C_5 -haloalkyl or C_2 - C_5 -haloalkenyl,

R^4 is C_1 - C_5 -alkyl, C_2 - C_5 -alkenyl, C_2 - C_5 -alkynyl, C_1 - C_5 -haloalkyl or C_2 - C_5 -haloalkenyl, or

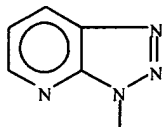
the moiety represented below by P, Q, S or T.



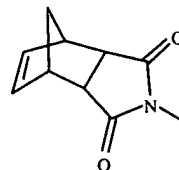
(P)



(Q)

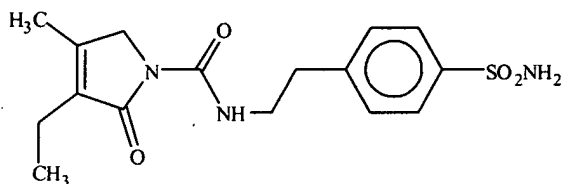


(S)



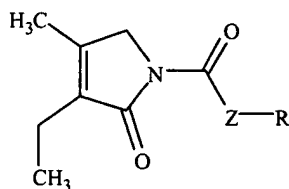
(T)

- 5 35) (new) A process for the preparation of a compound of formula 4,



Formula 4

comprising reacting a compound of formula 3



Formula 3

with 4-(2-Aminoethyl)benzene sulfonamide to obtain 4-[2-(3-Ethyl-4-methyl-2-carbonylpyrrolidine amido)ethyl]benzene sulfonamide, a compound of formula 4,

wherein,

Z is O, S or NY, wherein Y is C₁-C₅-alkyl, C₁-C₅-haloalkyl, aryl or aralkyl and

R is aryl or heteroaryl, where aryl or heteroaryl radical is unsubstituted or substituted by one or more radicals from the group consisting of nitro, halogen, cyano, azido, haloalkyl, CO-R¹, SR², SO-R³ and SO₂-R⁴,

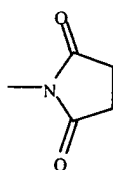
5 R¹ is H, C₁-C₅-alkyl, C₂-C₅-alkenyl, C₂-C₅-alkynyl, C₁-C₅-alkoxy or C₂-C₅-alkenoxy,

R² is C₁-C₅-alkyl, C₂-C₅-alkenyl, C₂-C₅-alkynyl, C₁-C₅-haloalkyl or C₂-C₅-haloalkenyl,

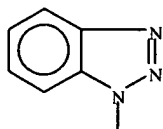
R³ is C₁-C₅-alkyl, C₂-C₅-alkenyl, C₂-C₅-alkynyl, C₁-C₅-haloalkyl or C₂-C₅-haloalkenyl,

R⁴ is C₁-C₅-alkyl, C₂-C₅-alkenyl, C₂-C₅-alkynyl, C₁-C₅-haloalkyl or C₂-C₅-haloalkenyl, or

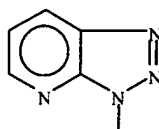
the moiety represented below by P, Q, S or T.



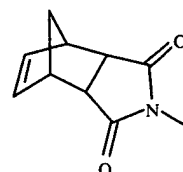
(P)



(Q)



(S)



(T)

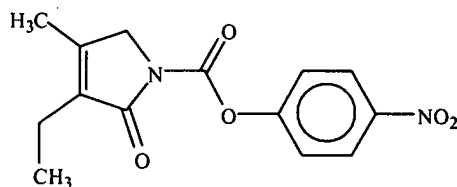
10 36) (new) The process as claimed in claim 35 wherein the compound of formula 4 is further reacted with *trans*-4-methylcyclohexyl isocyanate to obtain the compound of formula 1.

37) (new) The process as claimed in claim 32 wherein the reaction of 3-Ethyl-4-methyl-3-

15 pyrrolidin-2-one with a compound of formula 2, is carried out in presence of an organic base and optionally an acid scavenger compound.

38) (new) The process as claimed in claim 32 comprising,

- a) reacting 3-Ethyl-4-methyl-3-pyrrolidin-2-one with a compound of formula 2,
wherein Z is O and R is 4-nitrophenyl, to obtain a compound of formula 3a,



Formula 3a

- 5 b) reacting the compound of formula 3a with 4-(2-Aminoethyl)benzene sulfonamide to
obtain 4-[2-(3-Ethyl-4-methyl-2-carbonyl pyrrolidine amido)ethyl]benzene
sulfonamide, a compound of formula 4,
- c) and further reacting the compound of formula 4 with *trans*-4-methylcyclohexyl
isocyanate to obtain the compound of formula 1.
- 10 39) (new) The process as claimed in claim 37 wherein the organic base is selected from the
group consisting of 4-dimethylaminopyridine; 4-pyrrolidinopyridine; diisopropylethylamine,
tetramethylguanidine; 1,8-diazabicyclo[5.4.0]undec-7-ene; 1,5-diazabicyclo [4.3.0] non-5-ene;
2,6-lutidine and picolines.
- 40) (new) The process as claimed in claim 37 wherein the acid scavenger compound is
15 selected from the group consisting of trialkylamines, pyridine, sodium carbonate and potassium
carbonate.
- 41) (new) The process as claimed in claim 37 wherein the organic base is 4-
dimethylaminopyridine and the acid scavenger compound is triethylamine.

42) (new) The process as claimed in claim 32 wherein the reaction of 3-Ethyl-4-methyl-3-pyrrolidin-2-one with a compound of formula 2 is carried out in presence of a solvent selected from the group consisting of aliphatic or aromatic hydrocarbons, ethers, nitriles and amides.

43) (new) The process as claimed in claim 32 wherein the reaction of 3-Ethyl-4-methyl-3-pyrrolidin-2-one with a compound of formula 2 is carried out in a chlorinated hydrocarbon solvent.

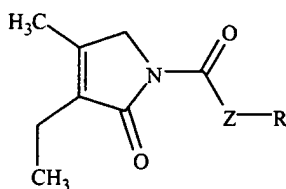
44) (new) The process as claimed in claim 32 wherein the reaction of 3-Ethyl-4-methyl-3-pyrrolidin-2-one with a compound of formula 2 is carried out at a temperature between the range of about 0°C to about 35°C for about 8 to about 15 hours.

45) (new) The process as claimed in claim 38 wherein a compound of formula 3a is obtained in a purity of greater than 99%.

46) (new) The process as claimed in claim 38 wherein a compound of formula 4 is obtained in a purity of greater than 99%.

47) (new) The process as claimed in claim 38 wherein a compound of formula 1 is obtained in a purity of greater than 99%.

48) (new) The intermediate compound of formula 3,



Formula 3

wherein,

Z is O, S or NY, wherein Y is C₁-C₅-alkyl, C₁-C₅-haloalkyl, aryl or aralkyl, and

R is aryl or heteroaryl, where aryl or heteroaryl radical is unsubstituted or substituted by
one or more radicals from the group consisting of nitro, halogen, cyano, azido, haloalkyl,
5 CO-R¹, SR², SO-R³ and SO₂-R⁴,

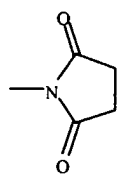
R¹ is H, C₁-C₅-alkyl, C₂-C₅-alkenyl, C₂-C₅-alkynyl, C₁-C₅-alkoxy or C₂-C₅-alkenoxy,

R² is C₁-C₅-alkyl, C₂-C₅-alkenyl, C₂-C₅-alkynyl, C₁-C₅-haloalkyl or C₂-C₅-haloalkenyl,

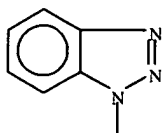
R³ is C₁-C₅-alkyl, C₂-C₅-alkenyl, C₂-C₅-alkynyl, C₁-C₅-haloalkyl or C₂-C₅-haloalkenyl,

R⁴ is C₁-C₅-alkyl, C₂-C₅-alkenyl, C₂-C₅-alkynyl, C₁-C₅-haloalkyl or C₂-C₅-haloalkenyl, or

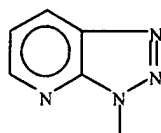
10 the moiety represented below by P, Q, S or T.



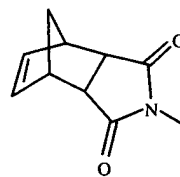
(P)



(Q)



(S)



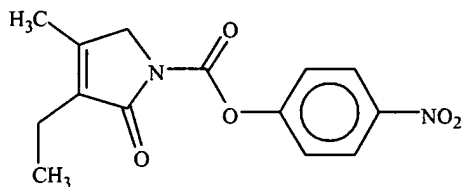
(T)

- 49) (new) The intermediate compound of formula 3, as claimed in claim 48 wherein Z is O
and R is aryl or the moiety represented by (P), (Q), (S) or (T), characterised in that aryl is
phenyl substituted with one or more radicals selected from nitro, halo, cyano, 4-
15 trifluoroalkyl, 2,4-bis(trifluoroalkyl) or 2,6-bis(trifluoroalkyl).

- 50) (new) The intermediate compound of formula 3, as claimed in claim 48, wherein Z is O
and R is selected from phenyl substituted with 4-nitro, 2,4-dinitro, 2,6-dinitro, 4-halo,

2,4-dihalo, 2,6-dihalo, 4-trifluoromethyl, 2,4-bis(trifluoromethyl) or 2,6-bis(trifluoromethyl).

- 51) (new) The intermediate compound of formula 3a:



5

Formula 3a

- 52) (new) The compound as claimed in claim 51 having a purity greater than 99%.

10